

Hiden HPR-40 DSA Membrane Inlet Mass Spectrometer System

for Dissolved Species Analysis



Introduction



The inlet probe uses a permeable membrane that allows small levels of the dissolved species to pass through and on to the QMS.

The HPR-40 DSA system has a mass range of 200 amu (300 amu option) and sub ppb detection levels.

Interchangeable membrane inlet probe types address a broad range of applications.



Applications of HPR-40 MIMS

- Soil core analysis
- Fermentation process analysis
- Water analysis in Estuary, River or Reservoir
- Groundwater studies
- Methane production control
- Microbiological / Enzyme activity studies
- Environmental monitoring



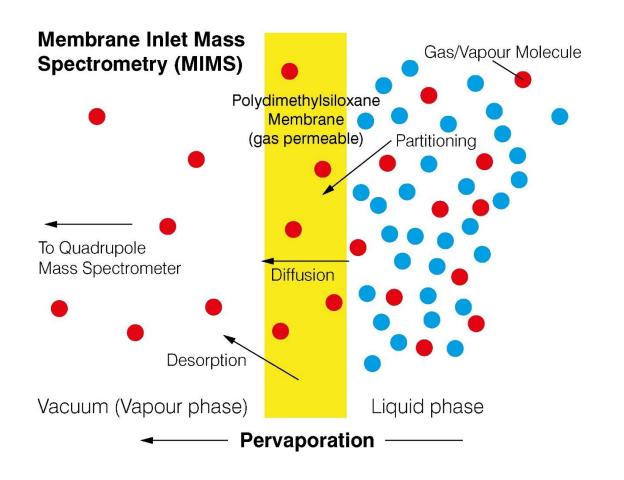








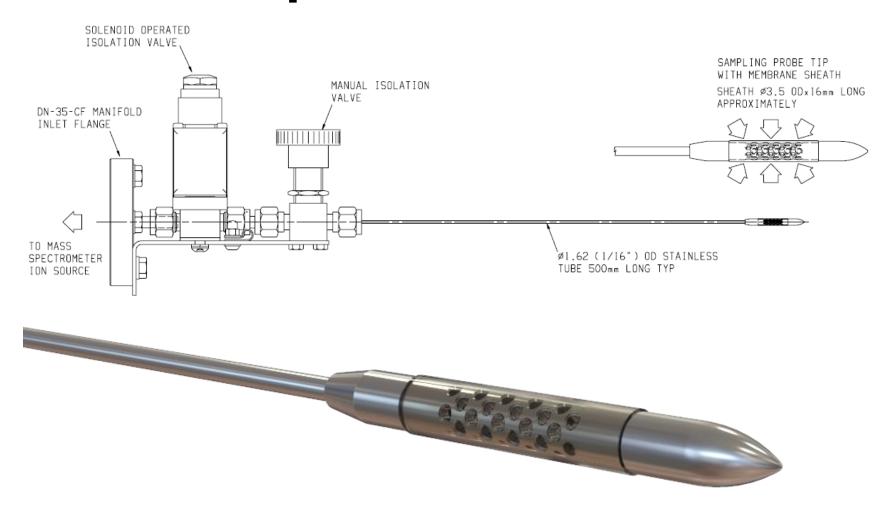
MIMS Overview



| Typical enrichment | |
|---|------|
| factors w.r.t. N ₂ | |
| CO ₂ | 12.0 |
| CH ₄ | 3.2 |
| C ₃ H ₈ | 13.6 |
| CH ₃ OH | 46.4 |
| SO ₂ | 50.0 |
| C ₃ H ₆ O | 19.6 |
| C ₆ H ₅ CH ₃ | 30.4 |

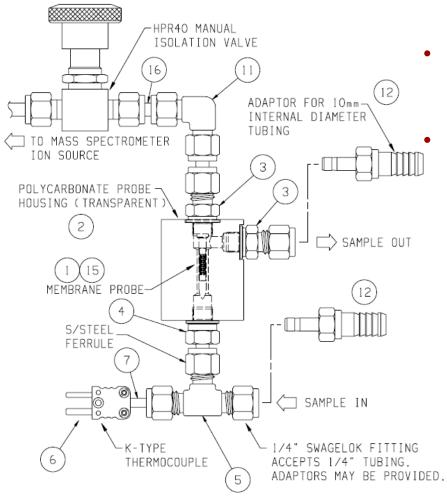


Dissolved Species Membrane Probe





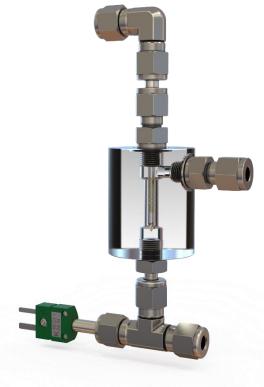
Flow-through Membrane Cell



Dissolved species flow-through membrane cell (with potential for integrated thermocouple).

Includes liquid flow connections, ideal for circulation

applications





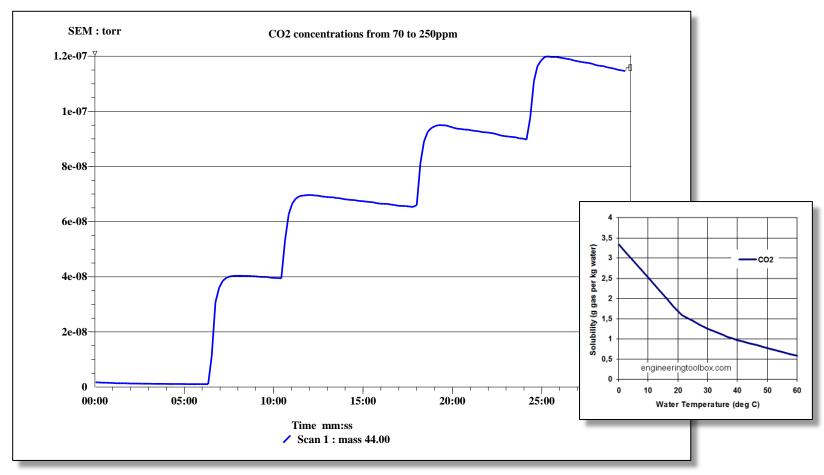
Cuvette Style Cell

- Dual volume construction (25 and 50 ml) cuvette including liquid flow connections
- Integrated thermocouple and fluid agitation mechanism
- Ideal for algal biofuel studies and other aquatic or fermentation studies





Calibration Data



The figure shows the addition of 10mL aliquots of a CO_2 -satured H_2O solution (1.5g CO_2 per 1 kg H₂O at 23 deg C as per inset graph) to 200 mL pure H₂O. Therefore, the concentrations of CO₂ are approximately 0, 70,140, 200, and 250 ppm for the 5 time steps shown.



Oceanic Studies

HPR-40 used to detect and analyse low level concentrations of DMS in British Columbian water (Dimethylsulphide, a trace substance implicated in global climate change and regulation).

The HPR-40 configured with a triple filter QMS provides detection levels into the parts per trillion range.

Corresponds to dilute DMS levels of ≤1nmol/L

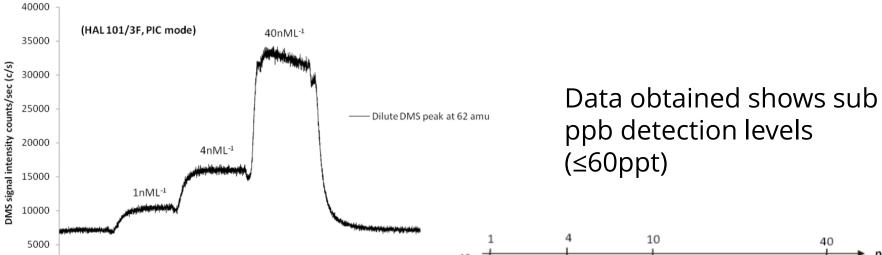
Influence of regional climate forcing on surface water pCO₂, DO₂/Ar and dimethylsulfide (DMS) along the southern British Columbia coast.

PD Tortell, A Merzouk, D Ianson, R Pawlowicz and D Yelland *Continental Shelf* Research 2012 47 119-132







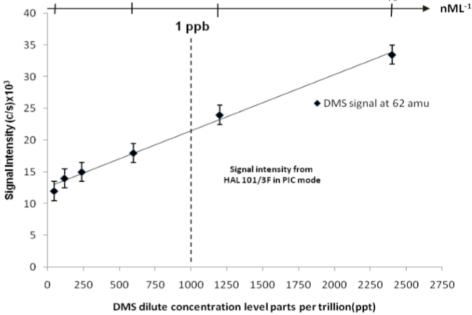


Data obtained with assistance from P.D. Tortell, Department of Botany, University of British Columbia

00:07:12

Time duration of mass scan (mins)

00:00:00



00:14:24



Denitrification study

Continuous real-time measurement of gases enabled the dynamics of the process to be investigated.

Concentrations of between 10 and 17 mmol/L were optimal.

Rate of denitrification dependant on cell concentration and required MIMS to model environmental conditions with low numbers of bacteria.

Denitrification by *Pseudomonas stutzeri* in a sterile lake water microcosm supplemented with succinate and nitrate.

JR Firth and C Edwards *Journal of Applied Microbiology 2*000 **88** 853-859



Data Obtained in Denitrification Studies

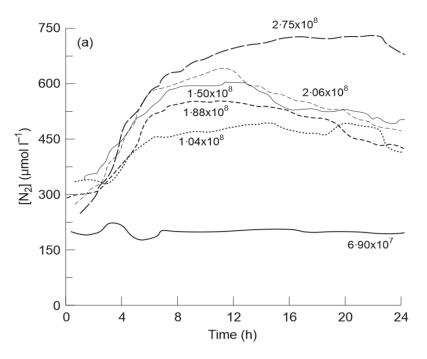
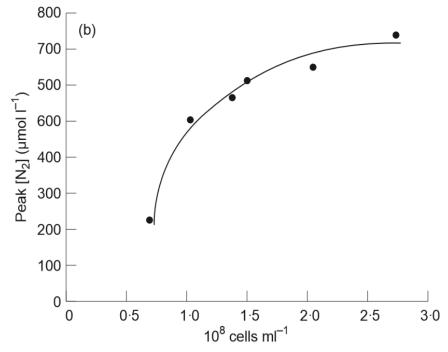


Figure (b) demonstrates that a cell density in excess of 2 x 108 cells ml⁻¹ did not unduly increase the amount of N_2 produced.

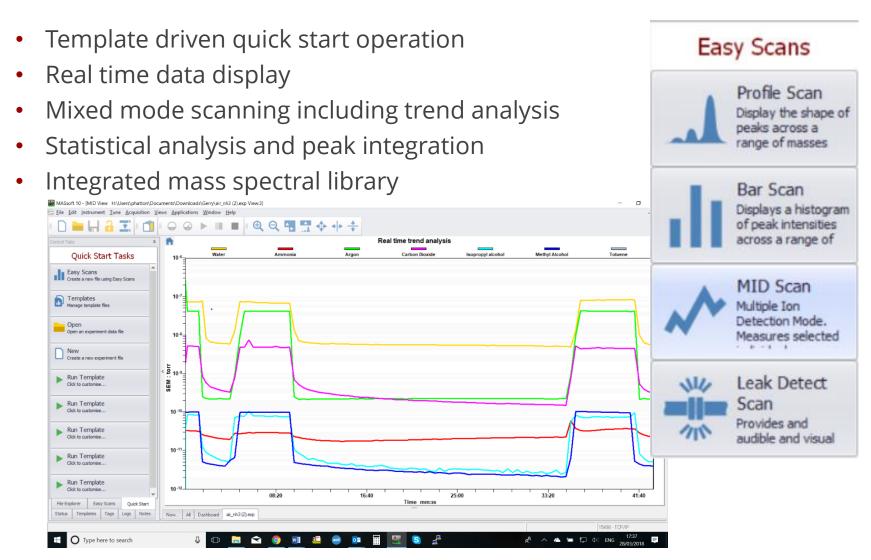
> Data obtained by JR Firth and C Edwards, School of Biological Sciences, University of Liverpool, UK

Data shows the effect of cell concentration on denitrification by *Pseudomonas stutzeri*. The lowest change in N₂ level measured was 40 μ mol l⁻¹ (Figure (a)).





MASsoft Professional control software





Summary

• Membrane Inlet Mass Spectrometer for Dissolved Species Analysis

Designed and manufactured by Hiden in the UK

· Configurable species probe inlets can be used for a wide variety of

scientific applications









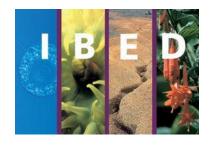
Academic References

- Denitrification by *Pseudomonas stutzeri* in a sterile lake water microcosm supplemented with succinate and nitrate. JR Firth and C Edwards *Journal of Applied Microbiology* 2000 **88** 853-859.
- Development of membrane inlet mass spectrometry for examination of fermentation processes. J-R Bastidas-Oyanedel, Z Mohd-Zaki, S Pratt, J-P Steyer and DJ Batstone *Talanta, The International Journal of Pure and Applied Analytical Chemistry* 2010 **83** 482-492.
- Influence of regional climate forcing on surface water pCO₂, DO₂ /Ar and dimethylsulfide (DMS) along the southern British Columbia coast. PD Tortell, A Merzouk, D Ianson, R Pawlowicz and D Yelland Continental Shelf Research 2012 47 119–132.
- High resolution measurement of Southern Ocean CO₂ and O₂/Ar by membrane inlet mass spectrometry. C Gu´eguen and PD Tortell Marine Chemistry 2007 108 184-194.
- Field Continuous Measurement of Dissolved Gases with a CF-MIMS: Applications to the Physics and Biogeochemistry of Groundwater Flow. E. Chatton, T. Labasque, J. de La Bernardie, N. Guihéneuf, O. Bour, L. Aquilina *Environ. Sci. Technol.* 2017, **51** (2) 846-854.













Hiden HPR-40 Users

- Trent University
- Forest Research Institution (SCION)
 - Xiamen University
 - University of Kuopio
 - Cardiff University
 - University of Wales
 - Ricoh
 - University of Queensland
 - University of Newcastle
 - University of California, Berkeley
 - Liverpool University
- Institute for Biodiversity and Ecosystem Dynamics
 - National Institute of Oceanography, Goa
 - GBA Laborgruppe
 - University of Rennes











